

## 11.—Copper Production, by Province, and Total Value 1953-62—concluded

Year	Saskatchewan	British Columbia	Northwest Territories	Yukon Territory	Canada	
					Quantity	Value
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	\$
1953.....	30,588	24,148	—	—	253,252	150,953,742
1954.....	36,192	25,088	—	—	302,732	175,712,693
1955.....	32,945	22,127	—	—	325,994	239,756,455
1956.....	33,116	21,682	—	—	354,860	292,958,091
1957.....	30,597	15,410	165	—	359,109	206,897,988
1958.....	37,510	6,010	434	—	345,114	174,430,930
1959.....	35,536	8,121	494	—	395,269	233,102,813
1960.....	31,785	16,559	520	—	439,262	264,846,637
1961.....	33,479	15,845	463	440	439,087	255,157,626
1962 <sup>P</sup> .....	32,127	53,709	305	229	458,590	283,133,249

**Iron Ore.**—Shipments of iron ore from Canadian mines, which have fluctuated considerably over the past ten years, reached a record level in 1962. The quantity shipped by each producing province was higher than in 1961, but the major increase was contributed by Quebec which accounted for 42 p.c. of the country's output.

Production of pig iron and of steel ingots and castings was also at its highest level in 1962. Exports of iron ore—direct shipping grade, concentrated, agglomerated and other forms—amounted to 24,243,249 tons valued at \$220,522,000, a considerable increase over the 1961 totals. Of the 1962 tonnage exported, 78 p.c. went to the United States and most of the remainder to Europe, mainly to Britain. Japan received 1,729,866 tons.

## 12.—Iron Ore Shipments and Production of Pig Iron and Steel Ingots and Castings, 1953-62

Year	Iron Ore Shipments						Production of Pig Iron	Production of Steel Ingots and Castings
	Nfld.	Que.	Ont.	B.C.	Canada			
					Quantity	Value		
tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	\$	tons	tons	
1953.....	2,686,481	—	2,832,090	991,247	6,509,818	44,102,944	3,012,268	4,116,068
1954.....	3,758,526	650,415	2,416,911	535,746	7,361,598	49,666,507	2,211,029	3,195,030
1955.....	7,206,883	4,103,173	4,362,191	610,930	16,283,177	110,435,850	3,215,367	4,534,672
1956.....	8,463,572	7,956,549	5,558,203	369,954	22,348,278	160,362,118	3,568,203	5,301,202
1957.....	8,174,779	8,872,948	4,867,105	357,342	22,272,174	167,221,425	3,718,350	5,068,149
1958.....	5,390,775	6,060,325	3,644,952	630,271	15,726,323	126,131,181	3,059,579	4,359,466
1959.....	6,105,819	11,515,169	6,018,089	849,248	24,488,325	192,666,101	4,182,775	5,901,487
1960.....	7,611,365	7,457,971	5,325,197	1,156,297	21,550,830	175,082,523	4,278,425	5,789,570
1961.....	7,611,340	5,639,931	5,772,664	1,335,068	20,359,003	187,950,047	4,925,395	6,466,324
1962 <sup>P</sup> .....	7,744,524	11,584,497	6,652,331	1,917,361	27,898,713	264,608,450	5,288,933	7,173,475

**Gold.**—Over the ten-year period 1953-62, Canada's annual gold production fluctuated narrowly between 4,000,000 oz.t. and 4,600,000 oz.t. and its value between \$140,000,000 and \$159,000,000; the high point was reached in 1961. Output in 1962 was down by 318,489 oz.t. compared with 1961 and, despite the establishment of a higher price per oz.t. (see p. 529), the value was \$3,191,000 lower. All provinces except Newfoundland, Manitoba and British Columbia, as well as the Yukon and Northwest Territories, reported decreased output in 1962, the major producers—Ontario and Quebec—declining by 9.2 p.c. and 5.3 p.c., respectively. Ontario produced 57.6 p.c. of Canada's gold output in 1962, Quebec 24.0 p.c., the Northwest Territories 9.5 p.c. and British Columbia 4.1 p.c.